

Q.P. Code : 61902

First Semester M.Sc. Degree Examination, January/February 2020

(CBCS - New Scheme - Freshers)

Chemistry

Paper CH 102 - ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - I

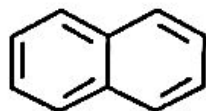
Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

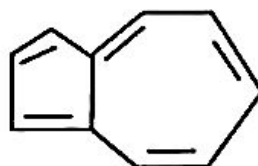
Instructions to Candidates : Answer Q. No. 1 and any FIVE of the remaining.

1. Answer any TEN of the following : (10 × 2 = 20)

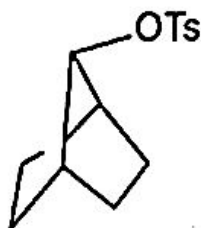
- (a) Illustrate hyper conjugation with suitable example.
- (b) Sketch the MO diagram for [6]-annulene.
- (c) Using the starring approach, indicate the alternant and non-alternant hydrocarbons in :



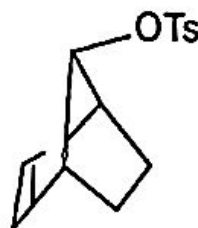
and



- (d) Give an example for a non-classical carbocation. Highlight its exceptionality.
- (e) Arrange in decreasing order of acidity :
 HCOOH ; $\text{Cl}_3\text{CSO}_3\text{H}$; CH_3COOH and $\text{F}_3\text{C-SO}_3\text{H}$
- (f) Highlight the structural differences between naturally occurring ribose and deoxyribose.
- (g) Which among the following compounds exhibits faster rate of reaction with NaOAc/AcOH ? Give reasons.

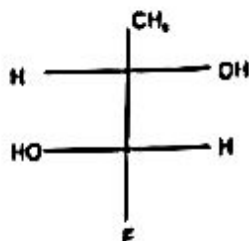


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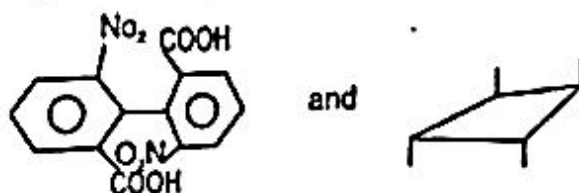


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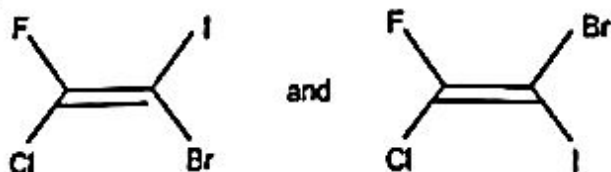
- (h) Convert the following compound into flying wedge, sawhorse and Newman projection formulae. Indicate the most stable conformation.



- (i) Which among the following are optically active and why?



- (j) Convert O-phenylene diamine to benzimidazole.
- (k) Draw the conformational structure of gentiobiose and highlight its biological importance.
- (l) Sketch the Si/Re faces of acetophenone.
2. (a) Discuss Huckel's rules of aromaticity.
- (b) What are mesoionic compounds? Highlight their importance and sketch any one synthesis of a syndrome.
- (c) Write a note on receptors with multiple hydrogen bonding sites. (4 + 3 + 3)
3. (a) Outline the generation, structure, stability and reactivity of carbanions.
- (b) Illustrate any two methods to determine cross-over products.
- (c) Describe the effect of +I and -I groups on the strengths of bases. (4 + 3 + 3)
4. (a) Highlight the Cahn-Ingold-Prelog rules to assign the absolute configuration of asymmetric carbons.
- (b) Assign E/Z-nomenclature for the following :



- (c) Draw the most stable conformational structure of trans-decalin. (4 + 3 + 3)

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5. (a) Give reagents and equations for the conversion of β -D-glucose to :

(i) Glucanic acid

(ii) Sorbitol and

(iii) Gluconic acid

Mention the class to which each product would belong.

(b) Outline the Hantzsch-Widman method for nomenclature of fused heterocyclic compounds. (6 + 4)

6. (a) Define tautomerism. Citing suitable examples, illustrate :

(i) Keto-enol

(ii) Enamine-imine and

(iii) Nitroso-oxime tautomerizations.

(b) What are crown ethers? Give examples and highlight their utility in organic syntheses. (6 + 4)

7. (a) Discuss HSAB theory.

(b) Define asymmetric synthesis. Citing an example, formulate Cram's rule of asymmetric induction. (5 + 5)

8. (a) Describe the structural elucidation of sucrose.

(b) Write short notes on :

(i) Fischer's indole synthesis

(ii) Synthesis of coumarins

(4 + 6)
